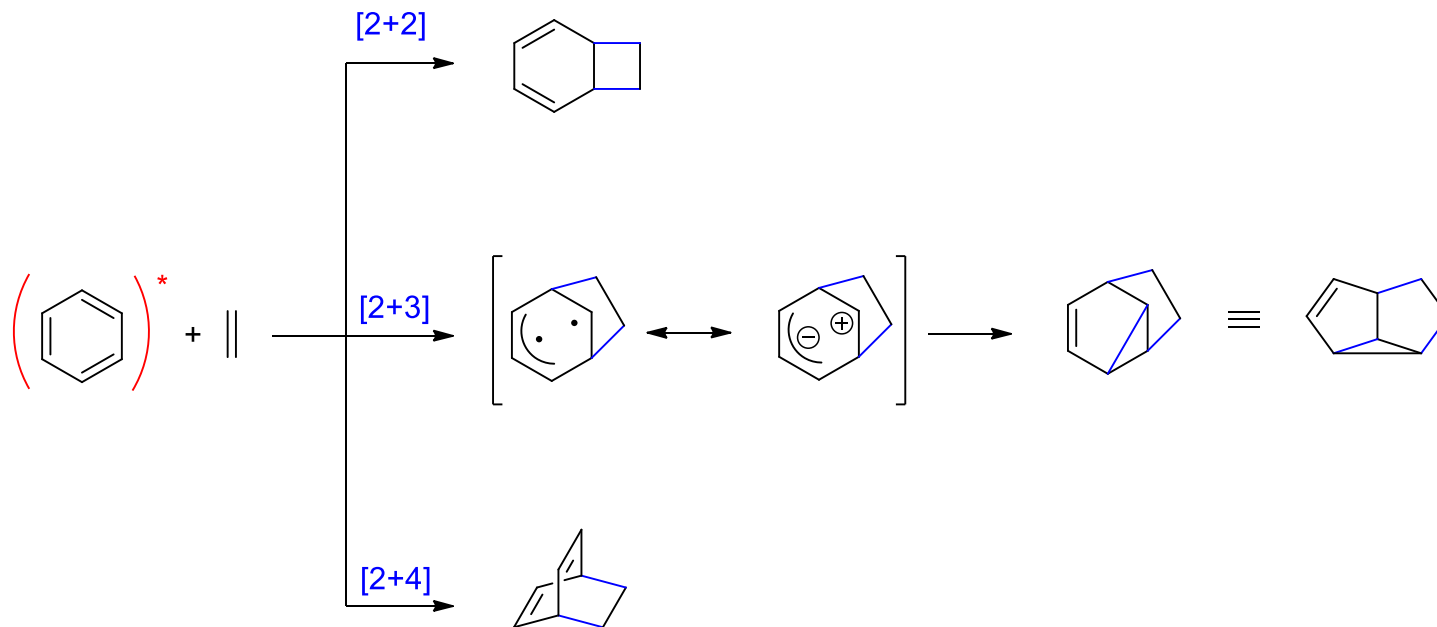




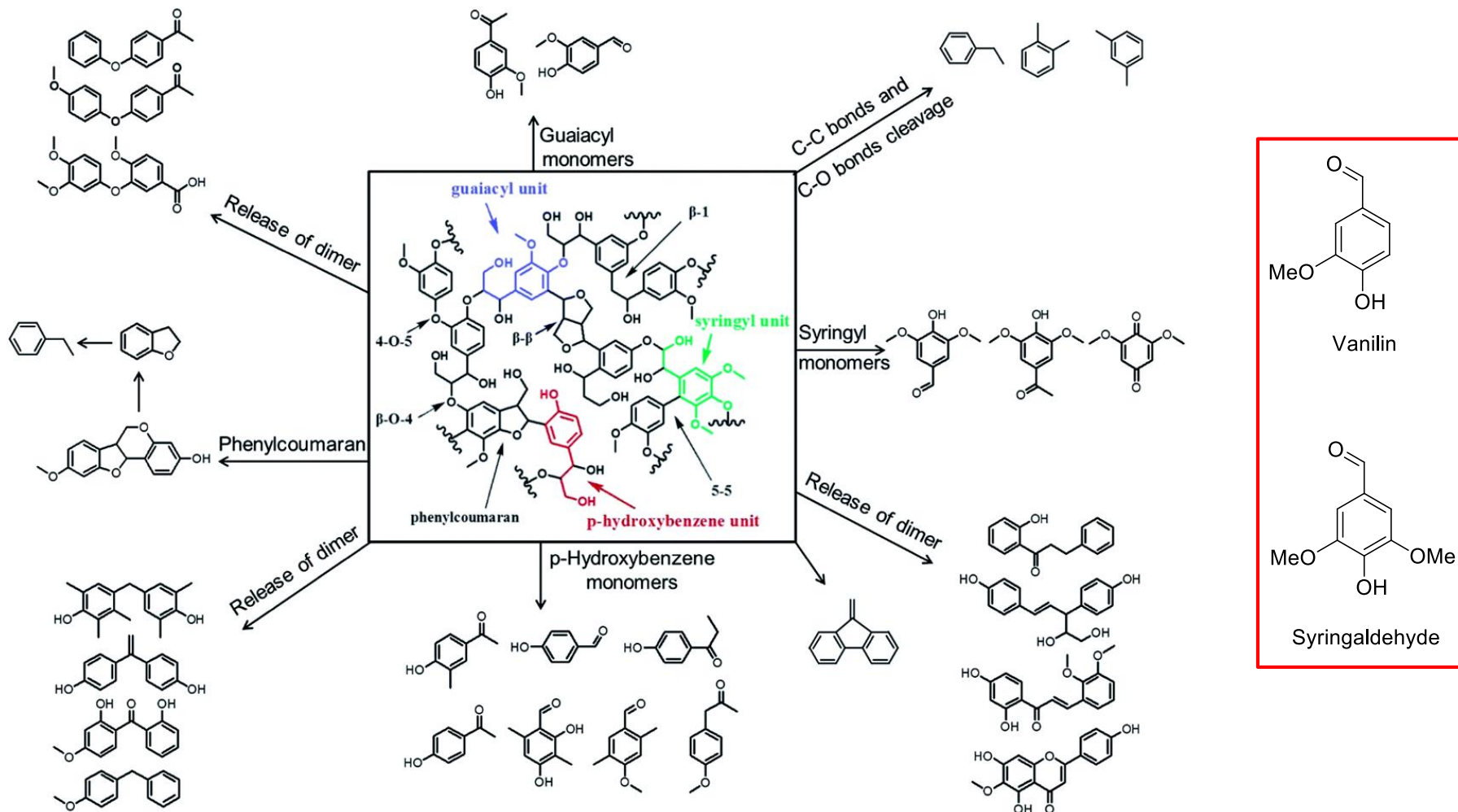
Photocycloadditions with Lignin Derived Aromatic Compounds

Norbert Hoffmann
CNRS, Université de Reims
ICMR
Équipe de Photochimie
Reims

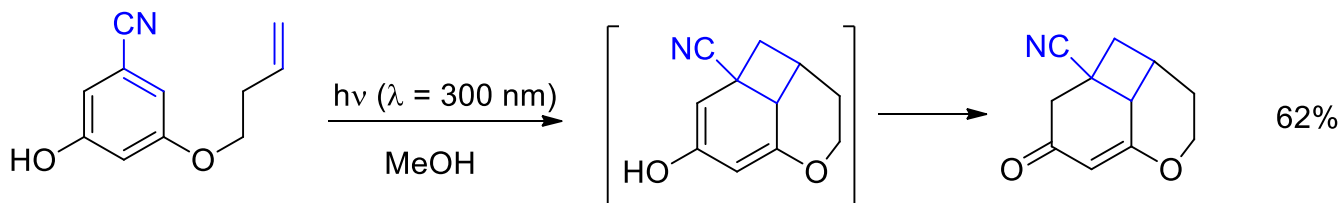
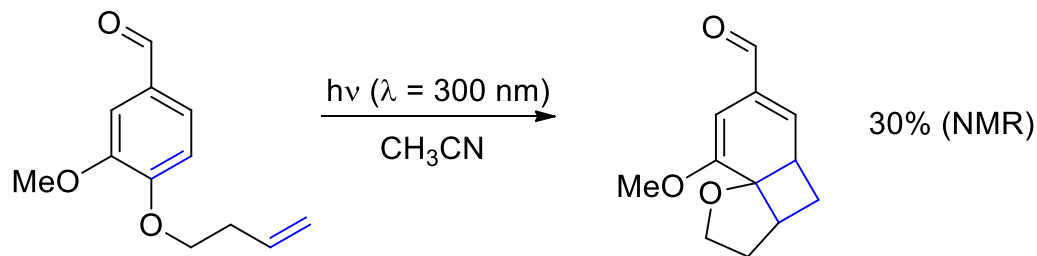
Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds



Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds

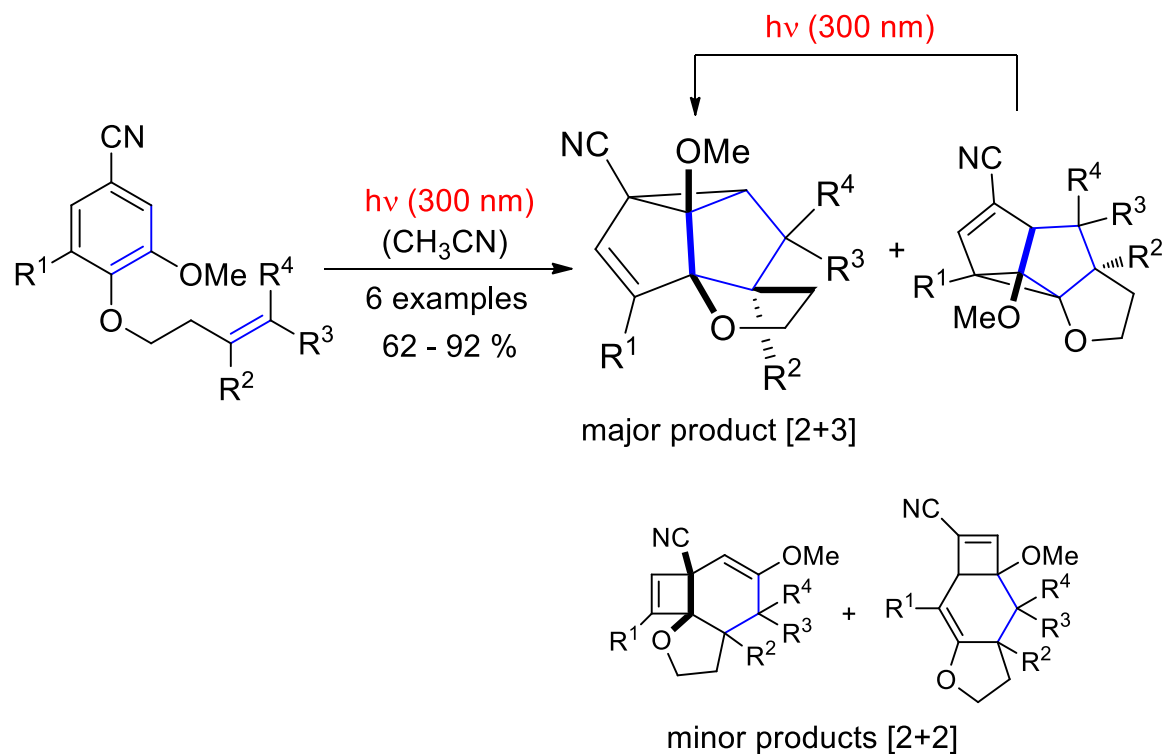


Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds



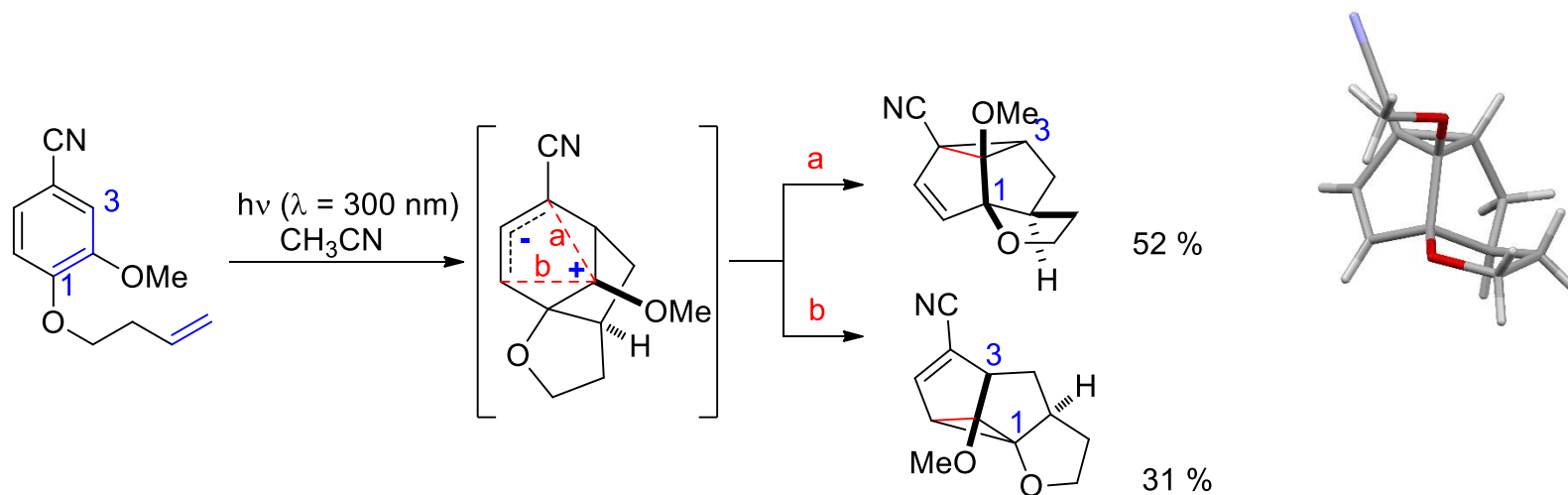
N. Hoffmann, J.-P. Pete, *Synthesis* **2001**, 1236.

Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds



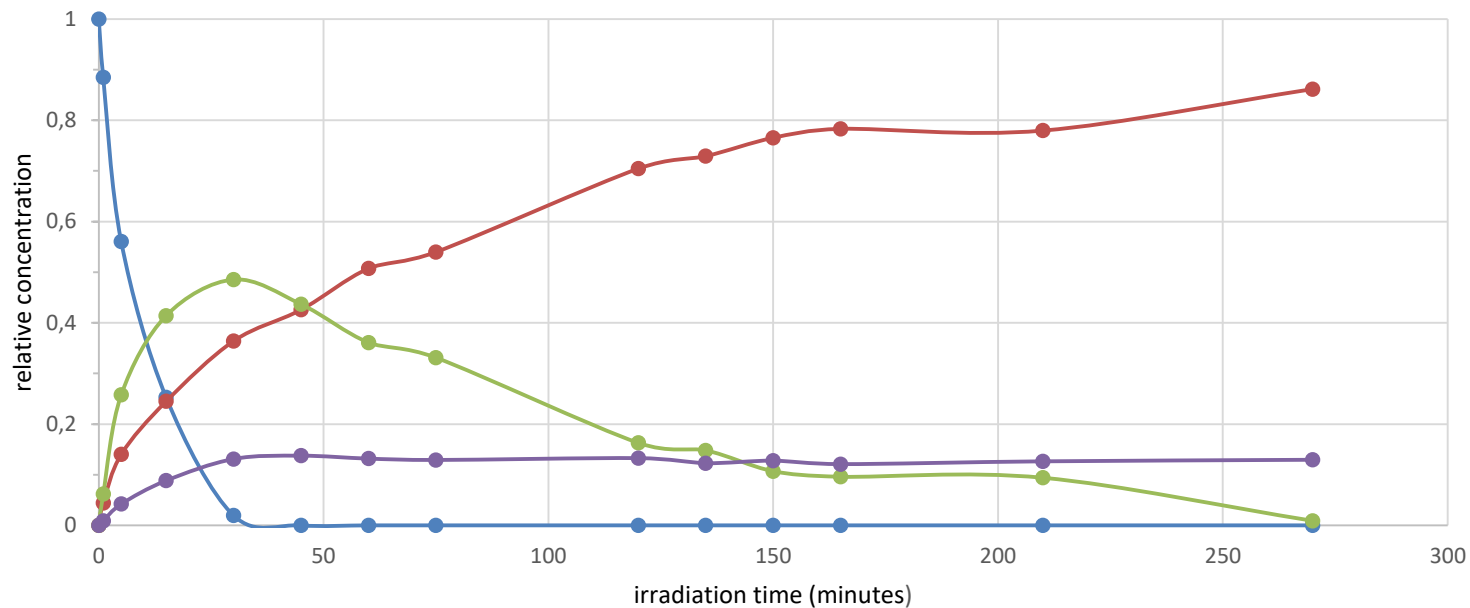
Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds

Major products ([2+3]-photocycloaddition)

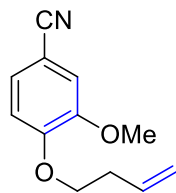


Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds

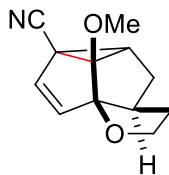
300 nm, 49 mM, CD₃CN



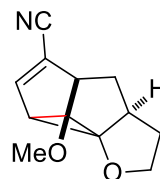
—●— 10a



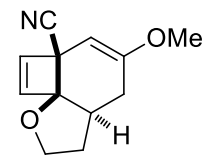
—●— 11a



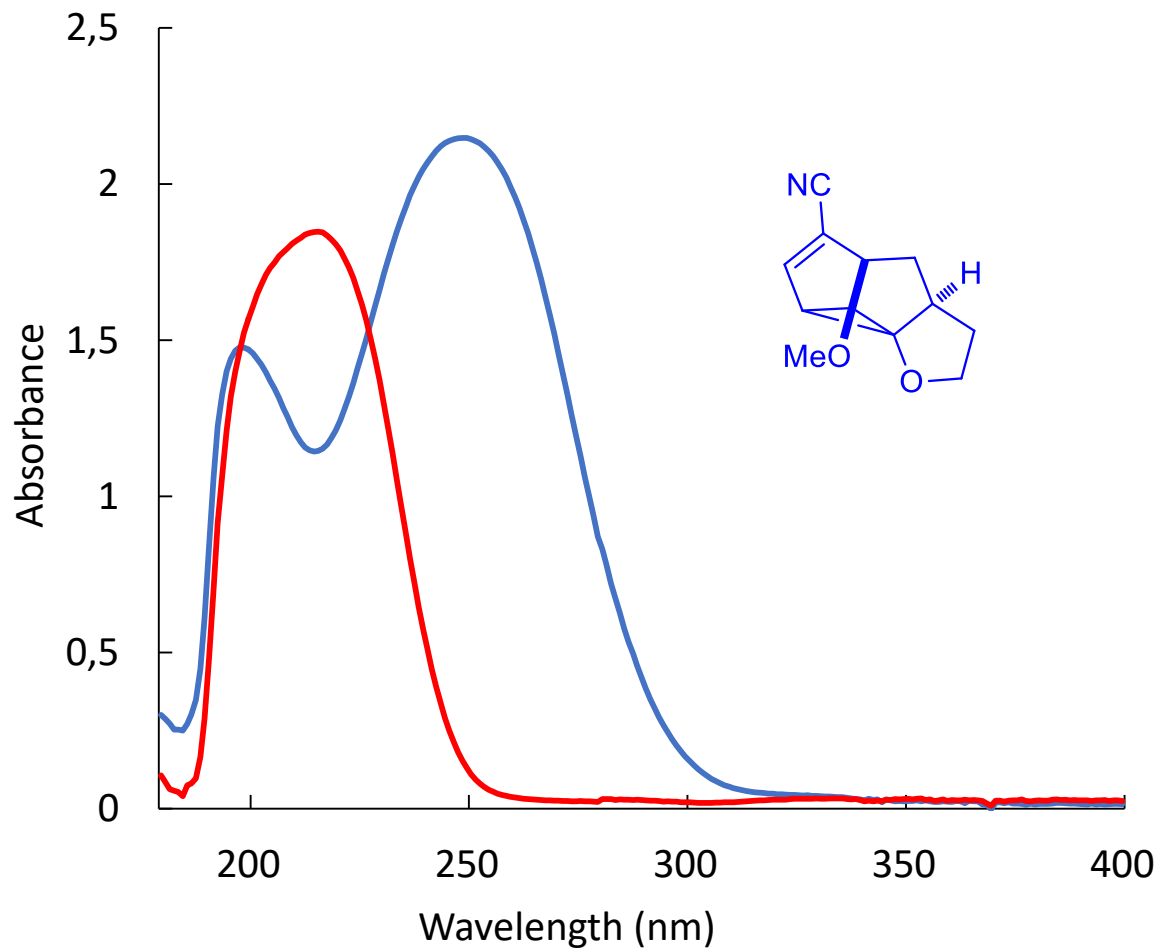
—●— 12a



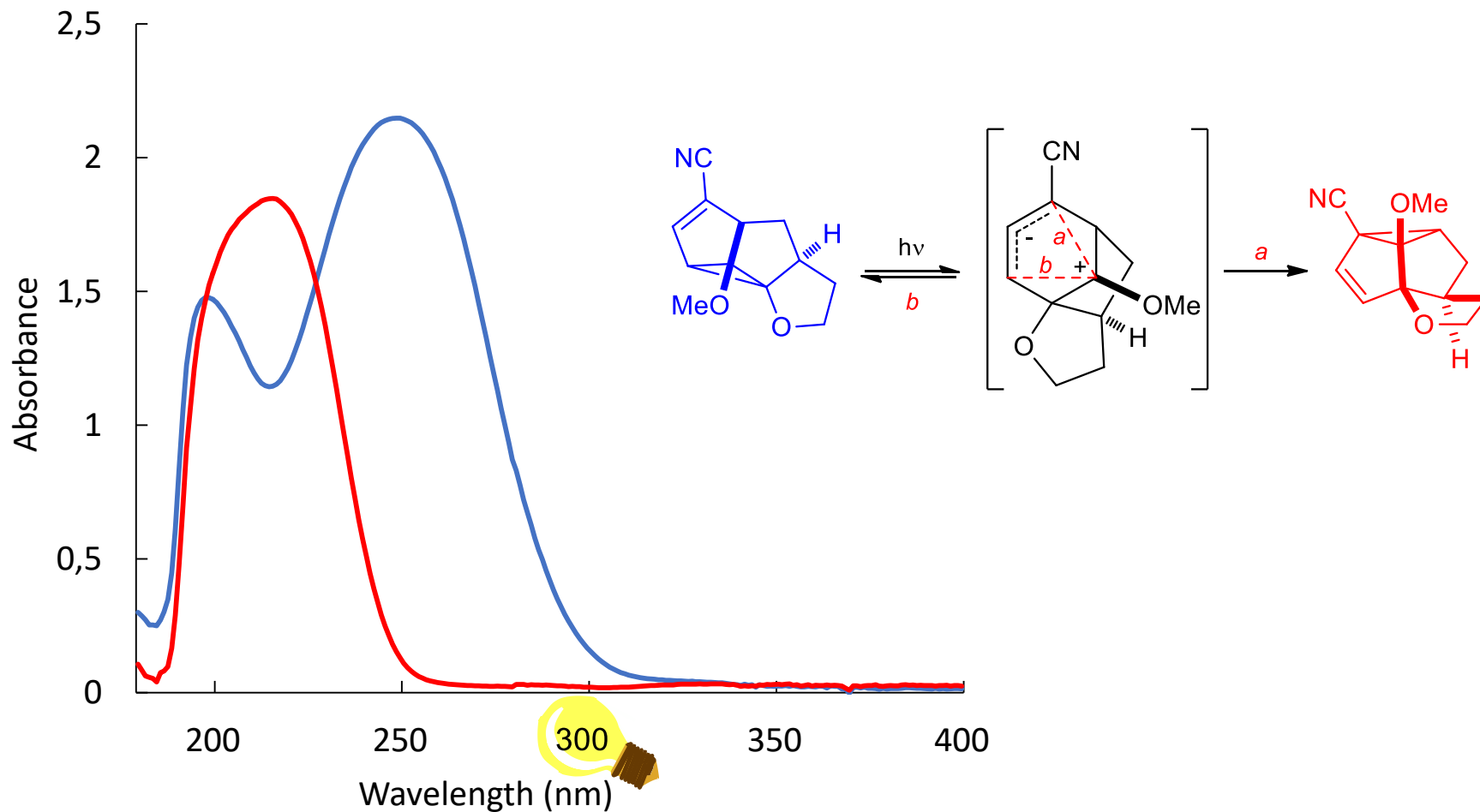
—●— 13a



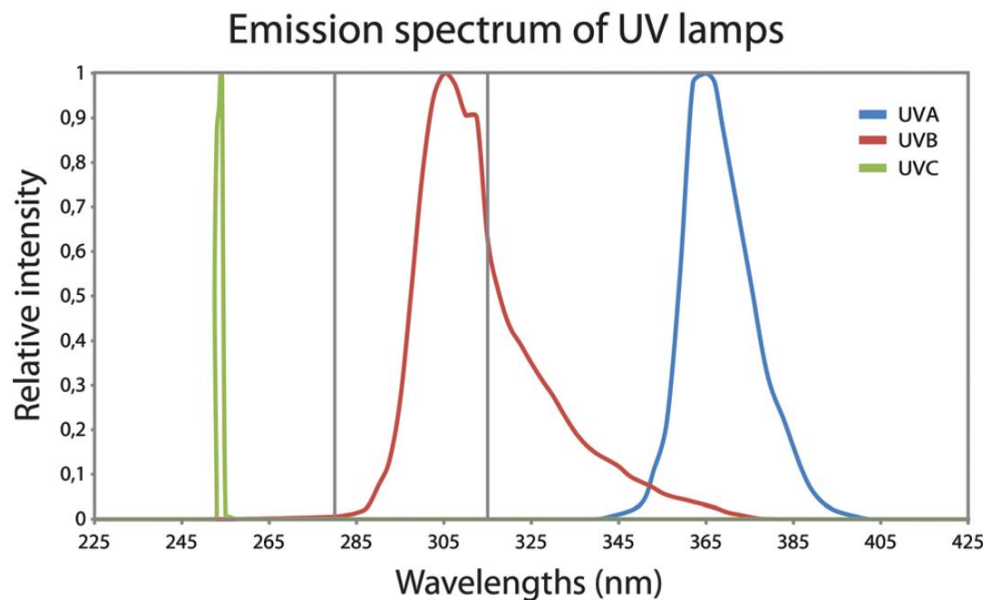
Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds



Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds



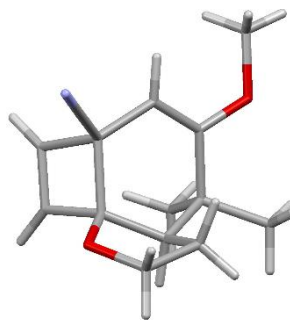
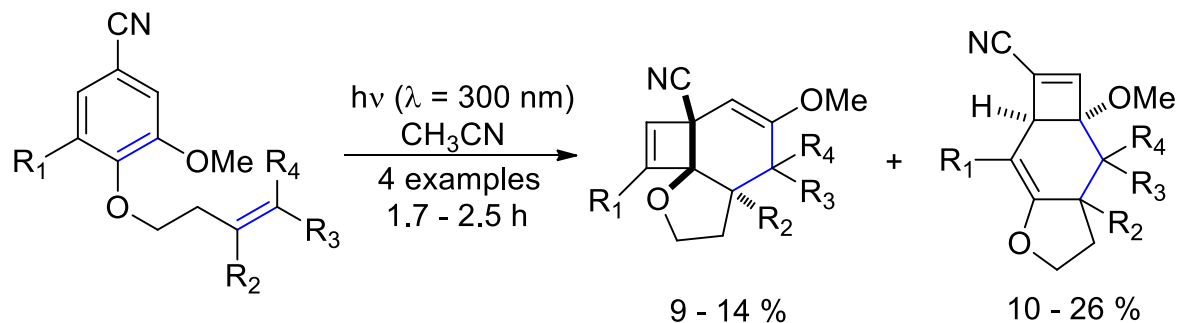
Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds



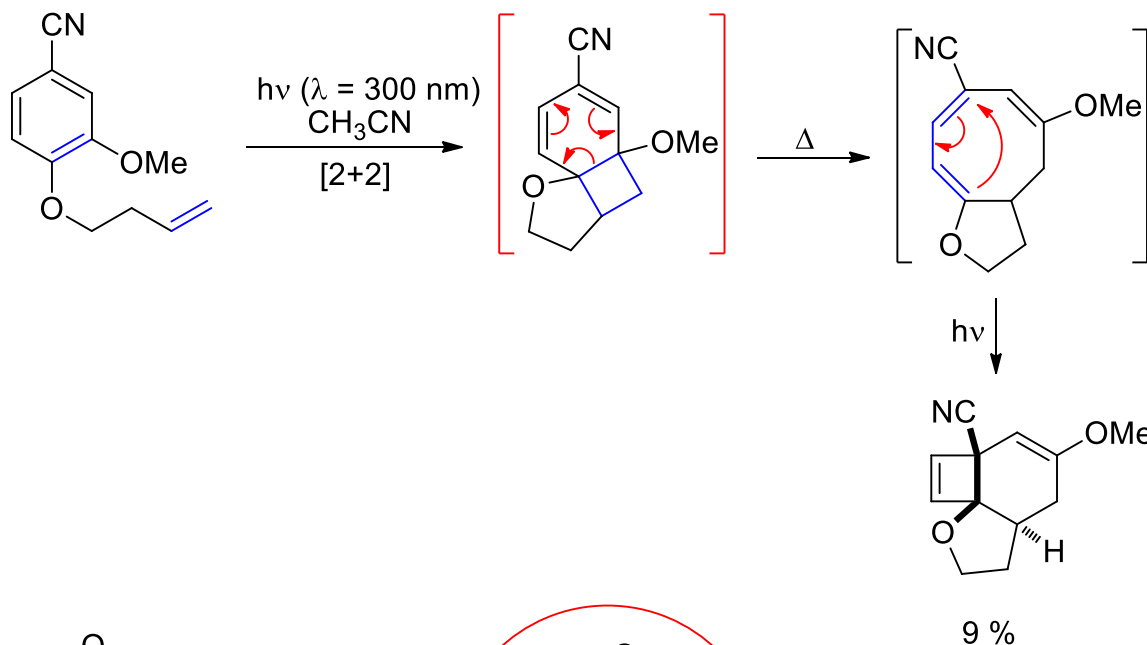
Emission spectrum of the different UV lamps. UVA, UVB and UVC irradiations were performed with B100 (UVP), RPR-3000 (Southern New England Ultraviolet Co.) and BLE-8T254 (Spectronics Corporation) lamps, respectively. The spectra were derived from manufacturer's specifications and modified according to measurements made using an International Light double monochromator spectroradiometer (IL7000/760D/790).

Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds

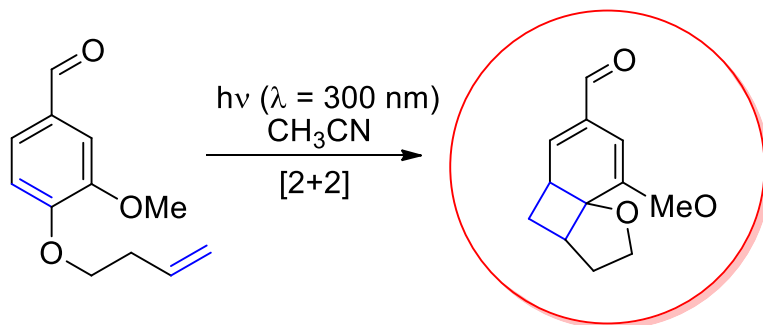
Minor products ([2+2]-photocycloaddition)



Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds



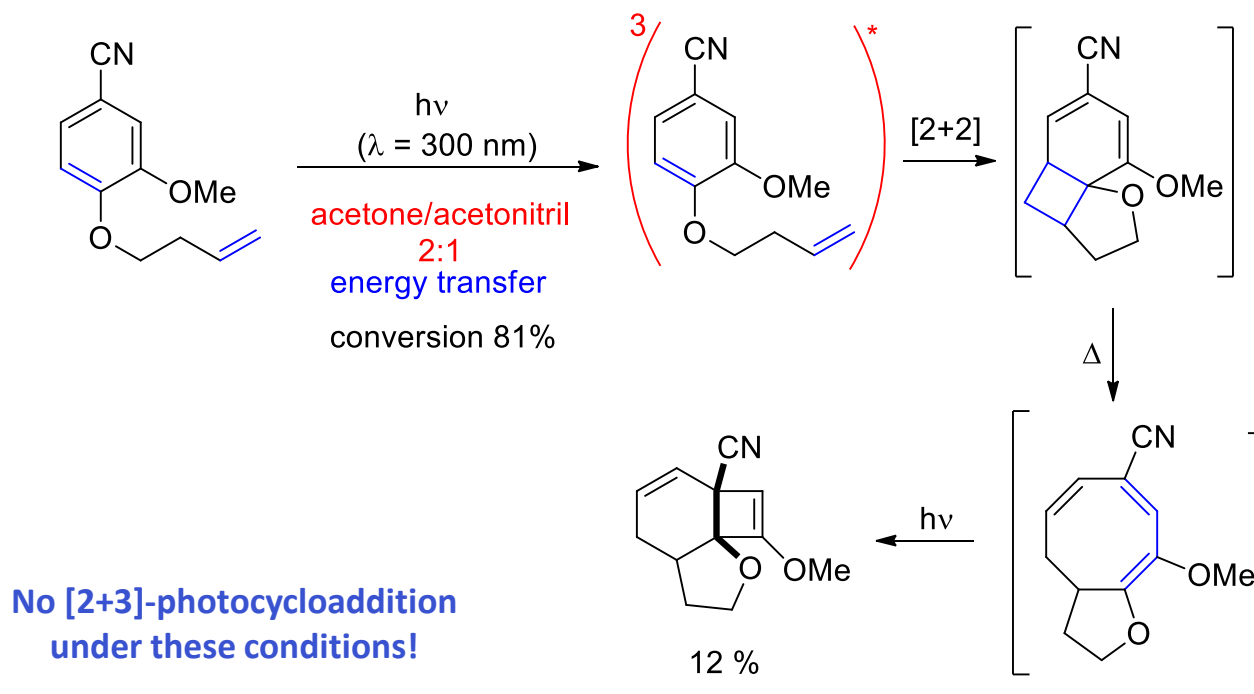
Singlet reaction
as the [2+3]
photocycloaddition



Triplet reaction

Photocycloadditions of aromatic compounds

Triplet sensitized [2+2]-photocycloaddition



A. Desvals, S. A. Baudron, V. Bulach, N. Hoffmann, *J. Org. Chem.* **2021**, *86*, 13310.

Conclusions

Lignin is an important renewable source for aromatic compounds.

Intramolecular photocycloadditions can be carried out with compounds possessing electron donor and electron acceptor substituents on the aromatic moiety (e.g. vanillin).

Unexpectedly, [2+3] photocycloadditions with benzonitrile derivatives take place at the singlet state. Minor products result mainly from [2+2]-photocycloaddition.

[2+2]-photocycloadditions at the triplet state are less efficient with these compounds and the regioselectivity is different.

Acknowledgments

Arthur Desvals

Gilles Lemerrier

Véronique Bulach
(University of Strasbourg)

Stéphane A. Baudron
(University of Strasbourg)

Alfonso Pedone
(Università di Modena e Reggio
Emilia Modena, Italy)

Jye-Shane Yang
(National Taiwan University)

Christoph Grathwol
(Karlsruhe Institute of
Technology, Germany)

Funding:

Université de Reims Champagne-Ardenne

Communauté Urbaine Grand Reims

Ministry of Science and Technology, Taiwan